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enabling its students to meet the State's student performance standards described in the State plan.

- (ii) An LEA may review a targeted assistance school on the progress of only those students that have been or are served under this subpart.
- (2) In conducting its review, an LEA shall—
- (i)(A) Use the State assessments or transitional assessments described in the State plan; and
- (B) Use any additional measures or indicators described in the LEA's plan; or
- (ii) If the State assessments are not conducted in a title I school, use other appropriate measures or indicators to review the school's progress; and
- (iii)(A) Disaggregate the results of the review according to the categories specified in §200.4(b)(10);
- (B) Seek to produce, in schoolwide program schools, statistically sound results for each category through the use of oversampling or other means; and
- (C) Report disaggregated data to the public only when those data are statistically sound.
  - (3) The LEA shall—
- (i) Publicize and disseminate to teachers and other staff, parents, students, the community, and administrators, including principals, the results of the annual review of all schools served under this subpart in individual school performance profiles; and
- (ii) Provide the results of the annual review to schools served under this subpart so that the schools can continually refine their program of instruction to help all children participating under this subpart meet the State's student performance standards.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1810–0581)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6317(a))

## § 200.6 Requirements for LEA improvement.

(a) State review. (1)(i) Each SEA shall review annually the progress of each LEA served under this subpart to determine whether the schools receiving assistance under this subpart are making adequate progress toward enabling their students to meet the State's stu-

dent performance standards described in the State plan.

- (ii) An SEA may review the progress of the schools served by an LEA only for those students that have been or are being served under this subpart.
- (2) In conducting its review, an SEA shall—
- (i) Disaggregate the results of the review according to the categories specified in §200.4(b)(10);
- (ii) Consider other indicators, if applicable, in accordance with section 1112(b)(1) of the Act; and
- (iii) Report disaggregated data to the public only when those data are statistically sound.
- (3) The SEA shall publicize and disseminate to LEAs, teachers, and other staff, parents, students, the community, and administrators, including principals, the results of the State review.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1810–0581)

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6317(d))

### § 200.7 [Reserved]

SCHOOLWIDE PROGRAMS

## $\S~200.8$ Schoolwide program requirements.

- (a) General. (1) An eligible school, in consultation with its LEA, may use funds or services under this subpart, in combination with other Federal, State, and local funds it receives, to upgrade the entire educational program in the school to support systemic reform in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- (2)(i) Except as provided in paragraph (a)(2)(ii) of this section, a school may not start a new schoolwide program until the SEA provides written information to each LEA that the SEA has established a statewide system of support and improvement.
- (ii) If a school desires to start a schoolwide program prior to the establishment of a statewide system of support and improvement, the school shall demonstrate to the LEA that the school has received high-quality technical assistance and support from other providers of assistance.

- (b) Eligibility for a schoolwide program. A school may operate a schoolwide program if—
- (1) The LEA determines that the school serves a participating attendance area or is a participating school under section 1113 of the Act; and
- (2)(i) For the initial year of the schoolwide program, the school meets either of the following criteria:
  - (A) For the 1995-1996 school year-
- (1) The school serves a school attendance area in which not less than 60 percent of the children are from low-income families; or
- (2) Not less than 60 percent of the children enrolled in the school are from low-income families.
- (B) For the 1996–1997 school year and subsequent years, the percentages of children from low-income families in paragraph (b)(2)(i)(A) may not be less than 50 percent.
- (ii) The LEA may choose to determine the percentage of children from low-income families under paragraph (b)(2)(i) based on a measure of poverty that is different from the poverty measure or measures used by the LEA to identify and rank school attendance areas for eligibility and participation under this subpart.
- (c) Availability of other Federal funds. (1) In addition to funds under this subpart, a school may use in its schoolwide program Federal funds under any program administered by the Secretary that is included in the most recent notice published by the Secretary in the Federal Register or is addressed in paragraph (c)(3)(ii)(B)(3) of this section.
- (2) For the purposes of this section, the authority to combine funds from other Federal programs also applies to services provided to a school with those funds.
- (3)(i) Except as provided in paragraph (c)(3)(ii) of this section, a school that combines funds from any other Federal program administered by the Secretary in a schoolwide program—
- (A) Is not required to meet the statutory or regulatory requirements of that program applicable at the school level; but
- (B) Shall meet the intent and purposes of that program to ensure that

- the needs of the intended beneficiaries of that program are addressed.
- (ii)(A) An LEA or a school that chooses to use funds from other programs shall not be relieved of statutory and regulatory requirements applicable to those programs relating to—
  - (1) Health and safety;
  - (2) Civil rights;
  - (3) Gender equity;
- (4) Participation and involvement of parents and students;
- (5) Private school children, teachers, and other educational personnel;
  - (6) Maintenance of effort;
  - (7) Comparability of services;
- (8) Use of Federal funds to supplement, not supplant non-Federal funds in accordance with paragraph (f)(1) (iii) and (2) of this section; and
- (9) Distribution of funds to SEAs and LEAs.
- (B) A school operating a schoolwide program shall comply with the following requirements if it combines funds from these programs in its schoolwide program:
- (1) Migrant education. A school that combines in its schoolwide program funds received under part C of title I of the Act shall—
- (i) In consultation with parents of migratory children or organizations representing those parents, or both, first address the identified needs of migratory children that result from the effects of their migratory lifestyle or are needed to permit migratory children to participate effectively in school; and
- (ii) Document that services to address those needs have been provided.
- (2) Indian education. A school may combine funds received under subpart 1 of part A of title IX of the Act in its schoolwide program if the parent committee established by the LEA under section 9114(c)(4) of the Act approves the inclusion of those funds.
  - (iii) This paragraph does not relieve—
- (A) An LEA from complying with all requirements that do not affect the operation of a schoolwide program; or
- (B) A non-schoolwide program school from complying with all applicable requirements.
- (3) Special Education. (i) A school may combine funds received under Part B of

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the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) in a schoolwide program, except that the amount so used in any schoolwide program may not exceed the amount received by the LEA under Part B of IDEA for that fiscal year; divided by the number of children with disabilities in the jurisdiction of the LEA; and multiplied by the number of children with disabilities participating in the schoolwide program.

- (ii) A school may also combine funds received under section 8003(d) of the Act (Impact Aid funds for children with disabilities) in a schoolwide program.
- (iii) A school that combines funds under Part B of IDEA or section 8003(d) of the Act in its schoolwide program may use those funds for any activities under its schoolwide program plan but shall comply with all other requirements of Part B of IDEA, to the same extent it would if it did not combine funds under Part B of IDEA or section 8003(d) of the Act in schoolwide program.
- (d) Components of a schoolwide program. A schoolwide program must include the following components:
- (1) A comprehensive needs assessment involving the parties listed in paragraph (e)(2)(ii) of this section of the entire school that is based on—
- (i) Information on the performance of children in relation to the State content standards and the State student performance standards under section 1111(b)(1) of the Act; or
- (ii) Until the State develops or adopts standards under section 1111(b)(1) of the Act, an analysis of available data on the achievement of students in the school.
- $\begin{array}{cccc} (2) & Schoolwide & reform & strategies \\ that & & \end{array}$
- (i) Provide opportunities, based on best knowledge and practice, for all children in the school to meet the State's proficient and advanced levels of student performance;
- (ii) Are based on effective means of improving the achievement of children, such as utilizing research-based teaching strategies;
- (iii) Use effective instructional strategies that—
- (A) Increase the amount and quality of learning time, such as providing an

- extended school year and before- and after-school and summer programs;
- (B) Provide an enriched and accelerated curriculum; and
- (C) Meet the educational needs of historically underserved populations:
- (iv)(A) Address the needs of all children in the school, particularly the needs of children who are members of the target population of any program that is included in the schoolwide program under paragraph (c) of this section; and
- (B) Address how the school will determine if those needs have been met; and
- (v) Are consistent with, and designed to implement, the State and local improvement plans, if any, approved under title III of the Goals 2000: Educate America Act.
- (3) Instruction by highly qualified professional staff.
- (4)(i) Professional development, in accordance with section 1119 of the Act, for teachers and aides and, where appropriate, principals, pupil services personnel, other school staff, and parents to enable all children in the school to meet the State's student performance standards.
- (ii) The school shall devote sufficient resources to effectively carry out its responsibilities for professional development, either alone or in consortia with other schools.
- (5) Strategies to increase parental involvement, such as family literacy services.
- (6) Strategies in an elementary school for assisting preschool children in the transition from early childhood programs, such as Head Start, Even Start, or a State-run preschool program, to the schoolwide program.
- (7) Strategies to involve teachers in the decisions regarding the use of additional local, high-quality student assessments, if any, under section 1112(b)(1) of the Act to provide information on, and to improve, the performance of individual students and the overall instructional program.
- (8)(i) Activities to ensure that students who experience difficulty mastering any of the standards required by section 1111(b) of the Act during the school year will be provided effective,

timely additional assistance, which must include—

- (A) Strategies to ensure that students' difficulties are identified on a timely basis and to provide sufficient information on which to base effective assistance:
- (B) To the extent the school determines feasible using funds under this subpart, periodic training for teachers in how to identify those difficulties and to provide assistance to individual students; and
- (C) For any student who has not met those standards, parent-teacher conferences to discuss—
- (1) What the school will do to help the student meet the standards;
- (2) What the parents can do to help the student improve the student's performance; and
- (3) Additional assistance that may be available to the student at the school or elsewhere in the community.
  - (ii) This provision does not-
- (A) Require the school or LEA to develop an individualized education program (IEP) for each student identified under paragraph (d)(8) of this section; or
- (B) Relieve the school or LEA from the requirement under the IDEA to develop IEPs for students with disabilities.
- (e) Schoolwide program plan. (1) An eligible school that desires to operate a schoolwide program shall develop, in consultation with the LEA and its school support team or other technical assistance provider, a comprehensive plan for reforming the total instructional program in the school that—
- (i) Incorporates the components under paragraph (d) of this section;
- (ii) Describes how the school will use resources under this subpart and from other sources to implement those components;
- (iii) Includes a list of State and local programs and other Federal programs under paragraph (c) of this section that will be included in the schoolwide program; and
- (iv)(A) If the State has developed or adopted a State assessment system under section 1111(b)(3) of the Act—
- (1) Describes how the school will provide individual student assessment results, including an interpretation of

- those results, to the parents of each child who participates in that assessment; and
- (2) Provides for the disaggregation of data on the assessment results of students and the reporting of those data in accordance with §200.5(a); or
- (B) If the State has not developed or adopted a State assessment system under section 1111(b)(3) of the Act, describes the data on the achievement of students in the school and effective instructional and school improvement practices on which the plan is based.
- (2) The schoolwide program plan must be—  $\,$
- (i) Developed during a one-year period unless—
- (A) The LEA, after considering the recommendation of its technical assistance providers, determines that less time is needed to develop and implement the schoolwide program; or
- (B) The school is operating a schoolwide program under section 1015 of chapter 1 of title I of the Act during the 1994–1995 school year, in which case the school may continue its schoolwide program but shall amend its current plan or develop a new plan in accordance with this section during the first year it receives funds under this part;
- (ii) Developed with the involvement of the community to be served and individuals who will carry out the plan, including—
  - (A) Teachers;
  - (B) Principals;
  - (C) Other school staff;
- (D) Pupil services personnel, if appropriate;
- (E) Parents of students in the school; and
- (F) If the plan relates to a secondary school, students from the school;
- (iii) Available to the LEA, parents, and the public;
- (iv) Translated, to the extent feasible, into any language that a significant percentage of the parents of participating children in the school speak as their primary language; and
- (v) If appropriate, developed in coordination with other programs, including those under the School-to-Work Opportunities Act of 1994, the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Applied

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Technology Education Act, and the National and Community Service Act of 1990.

- (3) The schoolwide program plan remains in effect for the duration of the school's participation under this section.
- (4) A school operating a schoolwide program shall review and revise its plan, as necessary, to reflect changes in its schoolwide program or changes to reflect State standards established after the plan was developed.
- (f) Effect of operating a schoolwide program. (1) No school operating a schoolwide program shall be required to—
- (i) Identify particular children under this subpart and under any other Federal program included under paragraph (c) of this section as eligible to participate in the schoolwide program;
- (ii) Document that funds available under this subpart and any other Federal program included under paragraph (c) of this section are used to benefit only the intended beneficiaries of the respective programs; or
- (iii) Demonstrate that the particular services paid for with funds under this subpart and under any other Federal program included under paragraph (c) of this section supplement the services regularly provided in that school.
- (2) A school operating a schoolwide program shall use funds available under this subpart and under any other Federal program included under paragraph (c) of this section only to supplement the total amount of funds that would, in the absence of those funds, be made available from non-Federal sources for that school, including funds needed to provide services that are required by law for children with disabilities and children with limited-English proficiency.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6314, 1413(a)(2)(D), 6396(b)(3), 7703(d), 7815(c))

[60 FR 34802, July 3, 1995, as amended at 63 FR 54997, Oct. 13, 1998]

### §200.9 [Reserved]

PARTICIPATION OF ELIGIBLE CHILDREN IN PRIVATE SCHOOLS

#### § 200.10 Responsibilities for providing services to children in private schools.

- (a) An LEA shall, after timely and meaningful consultation with appropriate private school officials, provide special educational services or other benefits under this subpart, on an equitable basis, to eligible children who are enrolled in private elementary and secondary schools in accordance with the requirements in §§ 200.11 through 200.17 and section 1120 of the Act.
- (b)(1) Eligible private school children are children who—
- (i) Reside in a participating school attendance area of the LEA; and
- (ii) Meet the criteria in section 1115(b) of the Act.
- (2) If an LEA identifies a public school as eligible on the basis of enrollment, rather than because it serves an eligible school attendance area, the LEA shall, in consultation with private school officials, determine an equitable way to identify eligible private school children.
- (3) Among the eligible private school children, the LEA shall select children to participate in a manner that is consistent with the provisions in §200.11.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. 6315(b); 6321(a))

# § 200.11 Factors for determining equitable participation of children in private schools.

- (a) Equal expenditures. (1) Expenditures of funds made available under this subpart for services for eligible private school children in the aggregate must be equal to the amount of funds generated by private school children from low-income families under § 200.28.
- (2) An LEA shall meet this requirement as follows:
- (i) Before determining equal expenditures under paragraph (a)(1) of this section, the LEA shall reserve, from the